CIAI-OI Turner, adr. (viguader Cober)

TESTIMONY OF

DAVID COHEN
PRESIDENT, COMMON CAUSE

on

THE NOMINATION OF STANSFIELD TURNER

TO BE DIRECTOR OF THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

before

THE SELECT COMMITTEE ON INTELLIGENCE

of the

UNITED STATES SENATE

Tuesday, February 22, 1977

## Senate Unit Limits Inquiry to 6 Covert C.I.A. Actions

operations for its attention.

The move appeared to be the Press reports have suggested first major limiting of the com- that the C.I.A. may have had mittee's targets in its inquiry some in-volvement in Genera-into the United States intelli- Schneider's death. The genera gence community. Mr. Church was killed during an apparent has complained on several kidnapping attempt when he occasions that delays in receivallegedly reached for a guning evidence from the executive to protect himself, according agencies involved and the to these reports.

White House have slowed the The difficulties for the compace of the investigations.

today from William E. Colby, In addition to the vastness Director of Central Intelligence, and complexity of the subject on the agency's Chile operamatter, Mr. Church has publicly tions as the committee had reported difficulties in interagreed to accept briefings on viewing witnesses and obtain-

By NICHOLAS M. HORROCK Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 14—
The Senate Select Committee on Intelligence will limit its investigation of covert activities by the Central Intelligence Agency to a "half-dozen or so representative cases," including the intervention in Chile, the committee chairman said today.

Senator Frank Church, Democrat of Idaho, said that his committee had neither the scommittee had neither the committee had neither the committee had neither the committee had neither the constant of Idaho, said that his committee had neither the constitute of the Cila. In the last, three decades. He said, therefore, that the committee would select six operations for its attention.

The move appeared to be the

mittee in investigating tre, vas Colby Briefs Panel

S6-billion a-year intelligence community have become increasingly apparent in recent committee received a briefing weeks.

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, July 14 Common Cause, the public interest lobbying group, an-nounced today the resignation of Mitchell Rogovin as general counsel and as chairman of its litigation committee.

Mr. Rogovin, a partner in the Washington law firm of Arnold & Porter, recently agreed to serve as special counsel to the Central Intelligence Agency during the House and Senate intelligence inquiries.

In a statement reversing his earlier position, David Cohen, president of Common Cause. said that he and Mr. Rogovin had recently agreed that "the potential exists for conflicting positions between Common Cause and the C.I.A. with regard to the Congressional investigations." Common Cause has been advocating public disclosure of the C.I.A.'s

"Under these circumstances," Mr. Cohen said, "both Mitchell Rogovin and Common Cause believe that in a given situa-tion the appearances of a conflict of interest might exist be-cause of Mr. Rogovin's dual roles, regardless of what the lactual circumstances are."